Using dynafed with clouds in ATLAS and Belle II

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on behalf of the University of Victoria and TRIUMF

with lots of help from CERN-IT and ATLAS

Introduction and motivation

Batch computing in a distributed cloud system

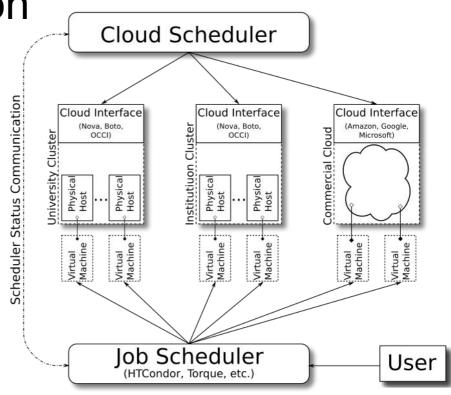
- Cloudscheduler: github & arXiv
- Users: Belle-II [DIRAC] & Atlas [PanDA]

Schedulers manage O(1k) cores in

- UVic -> Canada, USA, Germany, UK
- CERN -> Switzerland, Germany, UK, Austria

CE: HTCondor **SE**: dCache (UVic), EOS (CERN)

Limited by remote access to storage



Dynafed redirects to nearby storage

Want uniform configuration of all worker instances

Do not know location of worker a-priori

Cloud resources usually do not provide local SE - but often offer object storage

Use Dynafed as SE redirect direct workers to convenient storage

Reality check

Too many tasks at once:

- Commissioning HTTP/WebDAV in experiments
- Integrating object storage
- Developing and debugging distributed site

Reduced task to provide access to object stores through Dynafed

Technical details

```
[lcgdm-cbuild]
name=LCGDM Continuous Builds
baseurl=http://grid-deployment.web.cern.ch/grid-deployment/dms/
lcgdm/repos/el7/x86_64/
enabled=1
gpgcheck=0
protect=1
priority=20
```

```
[lcgutil-cbuild]
name=DMS Continuous Builds
baseurl=http://dmc-repo.web.cern.ch/dmc-repo/testing/el7/$basea
rch
enabled=1
gpgcheck=0
protect=1
priority=20
```

Version **1.5.X** from the LCGDM and DMS continuous build repositories.

Address dynafed using davs over https

Support 3rd party copy with dynafed-tpc-gfal2

Support checksum calculation with custom script [gitlab]

Disable macaroons:

- Interference with S3 signature
- Key can't be shared with grid storages

Dynafed and ATLAS



Dynafed instances for ATLAS

CERN-EXTENSION_CLOUDDISK

davs://dynafed-atlas.cern.ch/data/cloud/rucio

IAAS_SCRATCHDISK

davs://dynafed02.heprc.uvic.ca:8443/atlas/scratchdisk/rucio

Backed by s3.cern.ch

CA-TRIUMF-DYNAFED_DATADISK

davs://atlas-fed-fe1.triumf.ca/dynafed/atlas/atlasdatadisk/rucio

CA-TRIUMF-DYNAFED_SCRATCHDISK

davs://atlas-fed-fe1.triumf.ca/dynafed/atlas/atlasscratchdisk/rucio

Backed by atlas-fed-rgw01.triumf.ca

CERN dynafed jobs

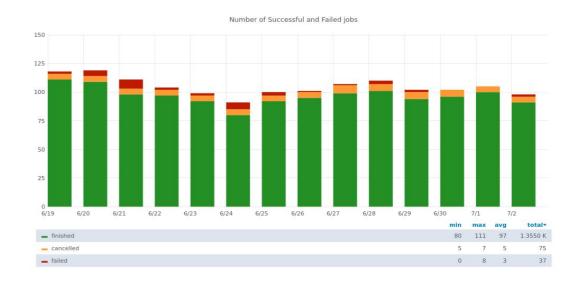
CERN-EXTENSION_DYNAFED

Hammercloud sends functional tests

Cloudscheduler orchestrates workers at CERN

Pilot stages data in/out using rucio client API

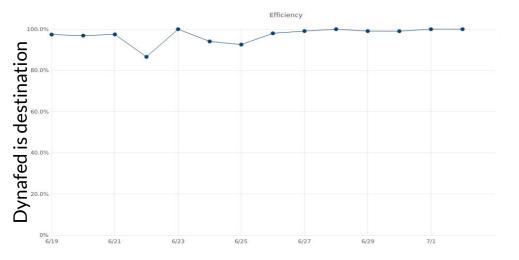
Failure rate ~2.5%



CERN dynafed transfers

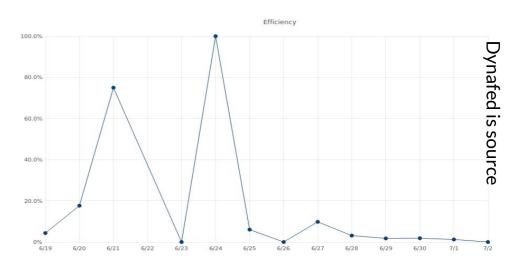
Rucio orchestrates functional transfers

fts3-pilot.cern.ch schedules copy



TPC: enabled but issues with gridsite delegation

Rucio does not test getting out from Dynafed!



TRIUMF dynafed jobs

New ATLAS site for test:

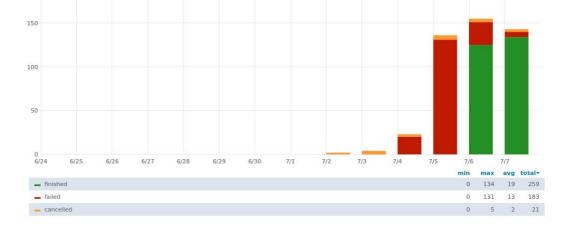
CA-TRIUMF-DYNAFED

200

Certification as grid site in progress

One worker node at TRIUMF

Receives FT job from Hammercloud and transfers from Rucio



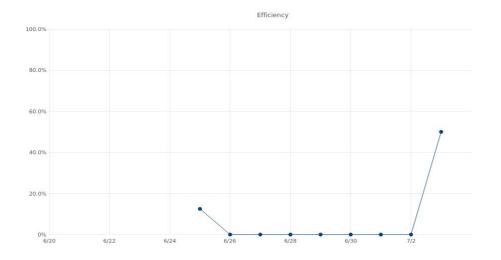
Number of Successful and Failed jobs

Pilot Rucio mover fails, gfal mover succeeds

TRIUMF dynafed transfers

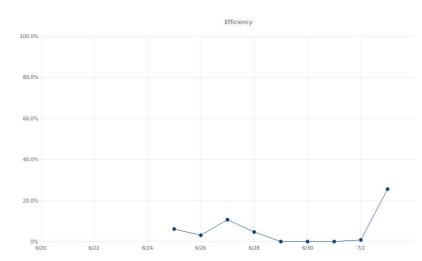
Rucio orchestrates functional transfers

fts.usatlas.bnl.gov schedules copy



TPC enabled

Initial scaling issues with rados gateways



As source in ATLAS DDM the last week

Source	CA-TRIUMF-DYNAFED_ DATADISK	CA-TRIUMF-DYNAFED_ SCRATCHDISK	CERN-EXTENSION_ CLOUDDISK	IAAS_SCRATCHDISK
CA-TRIUMF-DYNAFED_DATADISK	49%	46%	5%	0%
CA-TRIUMF-DYNAFED_SCRATCHDISK	93%	-	7%	0%
CA-VICTORIA-WESTGRID-T2_DATADISK	-	-	-	100%
CA-VICTORIA-WESTGRID-T2_SCRATCHDISK	-	-	-	100%
CERN-EXTENSION_CLOUDDISK	7%	78%	80%	-
FR-ALPES_SCRATCHDISK_DATALAKES	-	-	0%	-
ROAMING	67%	-	-	-

As destination in ATLAS DDM last week

Source												
Destination	Total	CERN	DE	ES	FR	IT	ND	NL	RU	TW	UK	US
CA-TRIUMF-DYNAFED_DATADISK	35%	65%	5%	6%	4%	6%	4%	5%	4%	21%	5%	6%
CA-TRIUMF-DYNAFED_SCRATCHDISK	42%	65%	5%	5%	5%	6%	5%	5%	8%	26%	5%	6%
CERN-EXTENSION_CLOUDDISK	6%	39%	5%	2%	11%	8%	3%	2%	2%	13%	10%	3%
IAAS_SCRATCHDISK	99%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

WebDAV only experience

Feedback from DESY and other dCache sites that ATLAS HTTP test transfers were killing their HTTP/WebDAV servers

This has been fixed in dCache, working setup documented here:

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LCG/DCacheConfig

Dynafed and Belle-II

Dynafed instances for Belle-II

UVic-DATA-SE

- read: https://dynafed02.heprc.uvic.ca:8443/belle
- write: srm://charon01.westgrid.ca/...

UVic-TMP-SE

- read: https://dynafed02.heprc.uvic.ca:8443/belle
- write: srm://charon01.westgrid.ca/...

Read from Dynafed via HTTP/WbDAV

Write to **UVic** dCache SRM

Backed by:

Grid SE: UVic, KEK, BNL, DESY, GridKA, Australia

S3: UVic, Arbutus, ComputeCanada, plus 6 Minio instances on various clouds

Belle-II dynafed jobs

past: mount dynafed with gfalFS

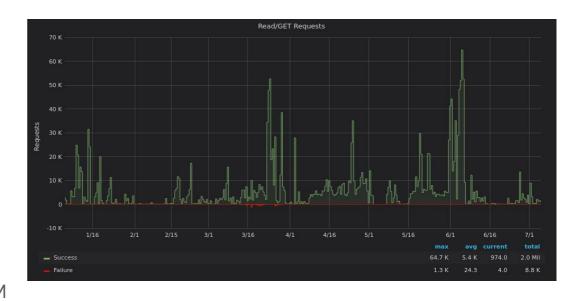
present: gfal2 adoption allows usage as SE

UVic dCache only writable endpoint

Read through WebDAV

Write through SRM

note: other Belle-II storage only speaks SRM



DOMA TPC on UVic dynafed

Manual data management to local cloud S3s

DIRAC tracks content of UVic dCache

3rd party copy is enabled and working but:

Multiple Apache processes means, check after may miss if landing on different process

Note: Belle-II uses SRM for transfers between SEs



3rd Party Copy

CERN Dynafed

TPC will use Macaroon if given. Dynafed does not share secret with connected storage

⇒ can't issue valid macaroon

Gridsite bug: proxy delegation does not work when addressing storage using days

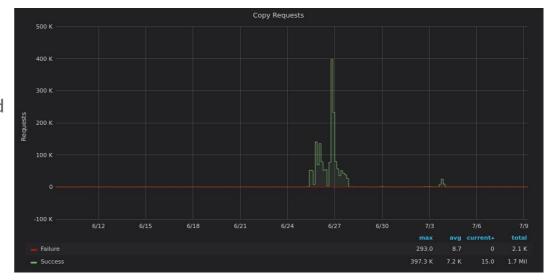
⇒ always use https [davix patch]



TRIUMF Dynafed

Working since added to DOMA TPC tests and ATLAS DDM

Initial scaling issues for Rados gateways of backend storage are fixed



Monitoring & accounting

Dynafed storage stats

Python (3) package to track quota and free space

https://pypi.org/project/dynafed-storagestats/

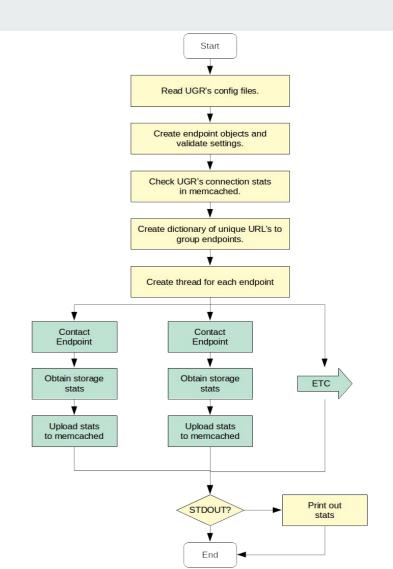
Adds locplugin configurations to manage calculation

Set dynafed to respect quota with glb.minfreespace

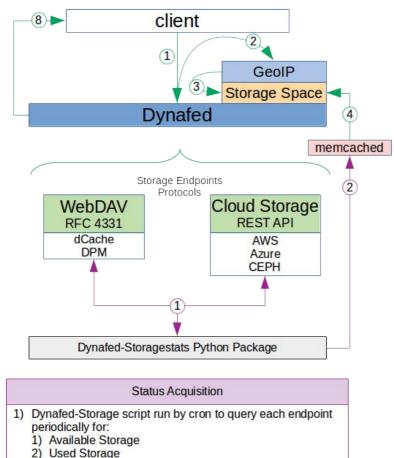
Option per locplugin instead?

report functionality generates file dump and WLCG JSON

- BDII is going away, where else to report?
- CephS3: best to use rados admin interface



Selecting a Storage Endpoint for Writing

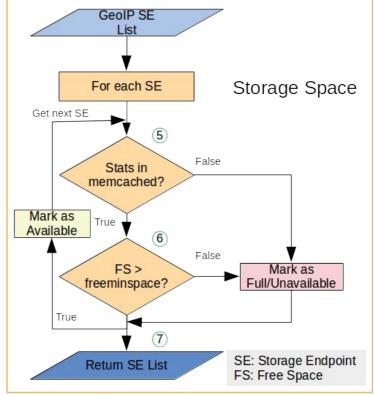


3) Quota

2) Stats are processed and stored in memcached.

Client Request Processing

- 1) PUT request is received.
- 2) Pass list of available Storage Endpoints to GeolP.
- 3) Sort list according to distance from client.
- 4) Obtain storage stats from memcached.
- 5) If there are none, fail to unavailable.
- Compare statistics with freeminspace setting.
- 7) Return SE to Dynafed.
- 8) Provide top SE via a redirect link to client.



Beats, Elasticsearch, and Grafana

- 1. Filebeat parses http and ugr logs
- 2. Metricbeat collects http and system metrics
- 3. Execbeat collects stats from memcached

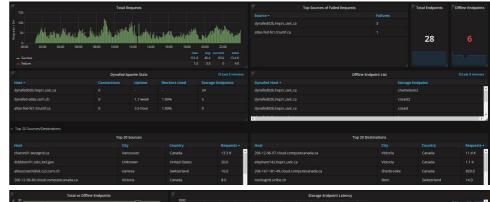
Beats report to Elasticsearch through Logstash

Grafana serves visualizations

Full configuration of system in the linked below



Ansible playbooks: https://atlas-fed-git.triumf.ca/ffgalindo/atlas-fed-it





Detailed overview: https://heprc.blogspot.com/2019/06/monitoring-dynafed-with-elk.html

Ongoing work

Short term plans with dynafed

Focus on using Dynafed to provide access to object storage

Implement checksum calculation everywhere: Dynafed becomes read and write endpoint at Belle-II

If dynafed is asked to be the active party in a TPC request, reliably stream data through Dynafed

Create scalable implementations of checksum calculation and 3rd party copy

Scaling checksum calculation

Issues for checksums of files on S3

- Downloading file means latency for large files
- Competes with dynafed for resources, esp.
 - disk
 - bandwidth

Proposal: store hashes in object metadata

Logic: Check for key, if exists use, else instruct a 4th party to download file, calculate hashes and add keys.

System defined key

Content-MD5 = base64 encoded MD5 hash

Add user keys x-amz-meta-[checksum name] e.g.

x-amz-meta-adler32

x-amz-meta-crc32

question: base64 encode for consistency?

Scaling 3rd party copy

Issues for checksums of files on S3

- Competes with dynafed for resources, esp.
 - o disk
 - bandwidth
- Dynafed starts behaving like FTS

Proposal: send copy orders to a 4th party:

FTS or custom system?

Hook into checksum scaling:

Pull: use Content-MD5 mechanism to ensure file consistency on backend storage.

Issue Want-Digest request source for other checksums and add keys to object on S3

Long term plans

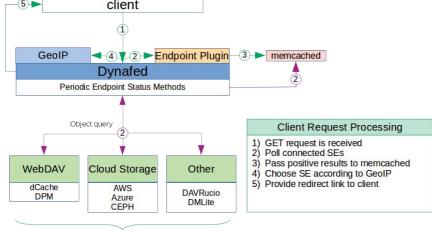
Federate multiple storages for write and read

Automate data replication between storage endpoints (based on popularity?)

Thank you

Dynafed: Redirect To Nearby Storage

Dynafed redirects to nearby storage



Storage Endpoints

Object Query

- 1) Dynafed checks cache for existing entry
- 2) Query all connected endpoints
- 3) Wait for returns until timeout
- 4) Cache all positive results
- 5) Provide list of file replicas

- Operating three configurations:
 - Belle-II at UVic:
 - R/O access (production)
 - ATLAS at CERN:
 - R/W to cloud storage (dev)
 - R/W to grid storage (dev)
- Instances operated by others:

Experience With ATLAS and Dynafed

Early challenges:

- MKCOL and MOVE not supported by Dynafed (not guaranteed on object stores), solutions:
 - Rucio protocol that does not rename files after upload
 - Dynafed allows MKCOL by creating directories in cache and making appropriate calls on file system endpoints
- Rucio Replication to https/davs endpoints get stuck
 - Manually make calls to FTS and register data

Early Success:

Functional tests run against Dynafed with CephS3 endpoint

Rucio, Dynafed, and Checksums

- Rucio "TODO" fix causes jobs to fail: client can't get checksum
- Mechanism:
 - Grid: User is responsible, Want-Digest [RFC3230]
 - Cloud: Provider is responsible, Content-MD5 [RFC1544]
- Algorithm
 - Grid: ADLER32 [RFC1950], for many reasons, can support others
 - Cloud: MD5 [RFC1321] (because it was there?)
- Workaround: Flag for Rucio not to request checksum from

Dynafed, FTS, and Proxies

- Rucio used legacy proxies with FTS
 - Some old SEs may not have migrated to RFC
 - Legacy proxy delegation through Dynafed to LRZ dCache were denied
 - Solution: switch to RFC proxy
- MKCOL bug:
 - Dynafed's MKCOL implementation [slide 12] broken for davs endpoints
 - Fixed in Dynafed 1.3.2
- Automated replication by Rucio to/from Dynafed works

Debug & Development Cycle

- Rucio, Dynafed, and FTS developers are quick to respond and helpful
- conservative deployment policies → long development cycle
- Example: Rucio client & checksums
 - In March implemented behavior for rucio client to respect "verify_checksum" flag
 - Debug: caught wrong exception (last week in ATLAS test pilots)
 - This week: implement correct exception
 - Next week: patch released
 - Few weeks: Wait for deployment of patch in cvmfs

Victoria Dynafed for Belle-II

- Belle-II is developing gfal2 support for their DDM and WMS
 - Will allow direct usage of Dynafed as SE in the future
- Workaround:
 - Belle-II allows job configuration to access locally mounted volume
 - gfalFS provides fuse mount within Linux directory tree:
 - gfalFS -s \${HOME}/b2data/belle davs://dynafed02.heprc.uvic.ca:8443/belle
 - Jobs access Belle-II data from "local" directory ~/b2data/belle
- gfalFS only needs Dynafed as access point for any cloud
 - Dynafed redirects gfalFS to closest endpoint via GeoIP

Victoria Dynafed for Belle-II

- Endpoints behind Belle-II Dynafed:
 - Compute Canada East (Minio via S3 API)
 - Compute Canada West (Minio via S3 API)
 - Amazon (S3)
 - Chameleon Cloud (Minio via S3 API)
 - Victoria Tier-2 SE (dCache, Victoria SE for Belle-II)
 - Victoria HEPRC Ceph (CephS3)

Dynafed Belle-II Authentication & Authorization

- Based on X.509 VOMS proxy
- Python-module based authentication
 - Implemented <u>grid-mapfile for authentication</u>
 - Plain text file read by python script for authorization, example:

```
/atlas atlas rlwd
/belle belle rlwd
/minio admin rldw
/localCeph admin rlw
```

Proxy sent to worker from DIRAC and used for gfalFS mount

Belle-II Experience With gfalFS And Dynafed

- Load is balanced across co-located storage endpoints
 - In recent MC campaign jobs each pulled one (1) of 20 input data sets
 each ~5GB
 - 3000 parallel jobs → 30TB per day. Ran smoothly through Dynafed.
- Easy and effective network usage
 - Same configuration for all workers (6 separate clouds are used for Belle-II)
 - With same files used by many jobs network transfers stay local
- Easy addition of new endpoints
 - Added traditional Belle-II SEs while transferring new input data sets to

Belle-II Experience With gfalFS And Dynafed

System stability

- Data is accessed locally with fail-overs observed when local storage becomes unavailable
 - local means nearby storage in Dynafed
- Placing endpoints close to each other effectively balanced load

In production for almost 1 year

- Segfaults of gfalFS (in libcrypto.so) since CernVM update
 - Intermittent issues, thus hard to debug
 - Appeared during Spectre/Meltdown patches
 - Observed when same endpoint is mounted multiple times on one

Elasticsearch, Logstash, and Grafana

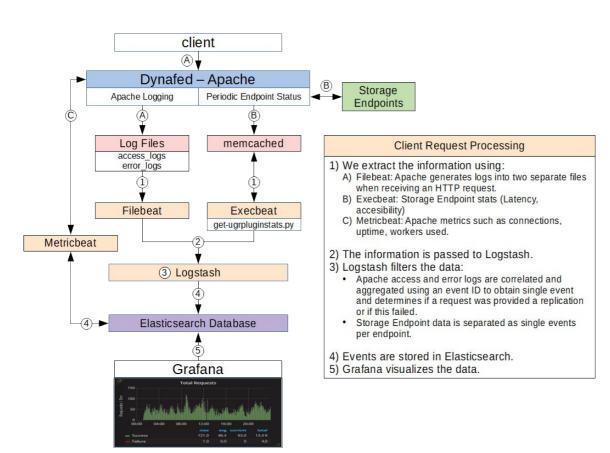




Main Dashboard

- Apache Metrics Stats
- Online/Offline SE's
- Top Sources and Destinations
- Total Success/Fail • Storឧទ្ធሮ្យទិ្ធtatus Dashboard
 - Error messages
 - Online/Offline SE's
 - SE's Latency to Dynafed.

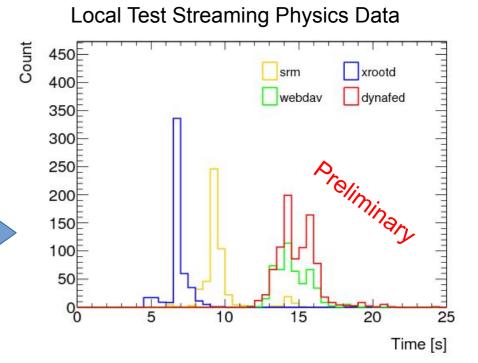
Elasticsearch, Logstash, and Grafana



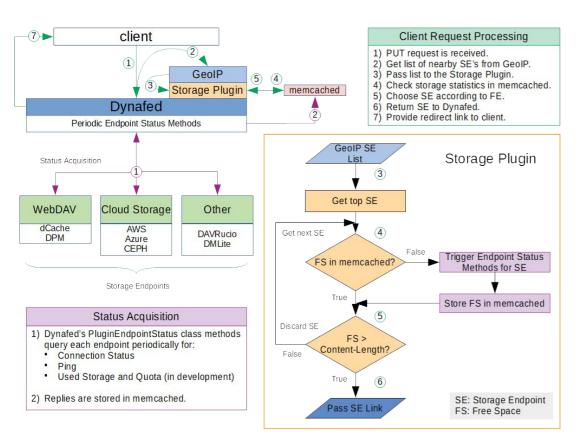
- Filebeat: Apache access and error log files
- Excecbeat: Python script to extract stats from memcached
- Metricbeat: Apache metrics
- Grafana display for:

Next Steps with Dynafed

- Integrate gfal2 into Belle-II
 - Next MC campaign needs
 9TB, with 2GB per job
 - Full dataset cloud will be more challenging
- Run ATLAS functional tests (again)
- Benchmark Dynafed:
 - HTTP+WebDAV vs xrootd/srm
 - HTTP+WebDAV with Dynafed vs
 direct



Next Steps: Dynafed Storage Plugin



- Issue with writing to Dynafed
 - Free space on endpoints unknown
- Need method to query usage and quota from endpoints
- Need common protocol for this information
- Commercial providers don't provide quota: we choose?